



# Describing Your House and Rooms in Foreign Languages

KS3

MODERN FOREIGN LANGUAGES

Ages 11-14



3 min read

## Why Learn House Vocabulary?

When you're learning a **foreign language**, one of the most useful topics to master is describing where you live. Whether you're speaking to a **pen pal** in **France**, **Spain**, or **Germany**, or writing about your daily life, you'll need to talk about your **house** and the **rooms** inside it. This vocabulary is practical, fun, and helps you connect with people around the world.

## The Main Rooms in Your House

Every house has similar spaces, even though they might be called different things in different languages. The **living room** or **lounge** is where families relax and watch television. The **kitchen** is where meals are prepared and cooked. The **bedroom** is your private sleeping space, and the **bathroom** is where you wash and use the toilet. Most homes also have a **dining room** or **dining area** where people eat meals together.

Think of it like learning the names of different shops in a town — once you know what each one does, you can easily talk about where to find things.

## Describing What's Inside

Once you know the names of the rooms, you'll want to describe what's **in** them using **furniture** and **household objects**. A **sofa** or **couch** sits in the living room. A **table** and **chairs** fill the dining room. Your bedroom contains a **bed**, **wardrobe**, and **desk**. The kitchen has a **cooker**, **fridge**, **sink**, and **cupboards**. These **key items** appear in almost every home.

## Useful Descriptive Words

Simply naming rooms and furniture isn't enough — you'll want to describe them too. Use words like **big**, **small**, **comfortable**, **modern**, **old**, **clean**, **untidy**, **bright**, and

**dark.** For example, you might say your bedroom is **small but comfortable**, or your kitchen is **modern and bright**.

Think of it like describing your friends — you wouldn't just say their names; you'd mention their hair colour, height, or personality to give a complete picture.

## Getting Started with Languages

The best way to learn this vocabulary is to label items around your own home with **sticky notes** in your target language. Say the words aloud as you walk from room to room. Listen to **language learning videos** and **podcasts** where native speakers describe their homes. Soon, describing your house will feel as natural as describing it in **English!**